## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the present application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (withdrawn) A process for fabricating a composite material comprising:
  - a) forming a fibrous structure comprising fibers into a preform;
- b) initially predominantly coating the fibers of that fibrous structure preform with elemental carbon to impregnate that preform with elemental carbon;
- c) infiltrating the preform with a ceramic slurry to predominantly impregnate the fibers of the preform to form an impregnated green body;
- d) infiltrating the impregnated green body with a liquid carbon precursor and pyrolyzing the liquid carbon precursor to form a carbon char;
- (e) infiltrating the impregnated green body with molten silicon to form a continuous matrix throughout the composite; and
- (f) reacting silicon in the continuous matrix with the carbon char to form silicon carbide.
- 2. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein the ceramic slurry contains a boron carbide.
- 3. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said fibers are made from polyacrylonitrile.

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4. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said preform is infiltrated by slurry soaking.

- 5. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said preform is infiltrated by slurry casting.
- 6. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said liquid carbon precursor is liquid naphthalene.
- 7. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said molten silicon is a non-alloyed silicon.
- 8. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said molten silicon is an alloyed silicon.
- 9. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said fibrous structure is initially coated with chemically vapor deposited elemental carbon.
- 10. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said elemental carbon is deposited on the fibers using pitch or resin.
- 11. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said infiltration with the liquid carbon precursor and pyrolysis is repeated a second time.
- 12. (withdrawn) The process of claim 1, wherein said infiltration with molten silicon occurs in the temperature range of about 1425 to about 1485° C.

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13. (withdrawn) The process of claim 2, wherein said boron carbide has a particle size of

less than about 1 micron.

14. (currently amended) A composite material fabricated by a process comprising:

a) forming a fibrous structure comprising <u>carbon</u>, <u>polyacrylonitrile</u>, <u>rayon or ceramic</u>

fibers into a preform;

b) initially predominantly coating the fibers of that fibrous structure preform with

elemental carbon to impregnate that preform with elemental carbon;

c) infiltrating the preform with a ceramic slurry to predominantly impregnate the

fibers of the preform to form an impregnated green body;

d) infiltrating the impregnated green body with a liquid carbon precursor and

pyrolyzing the carbon material to form a carbon char;

e) infiltrating the impregnated green body with molten silicon to form a continuous

matrix throughout the composite; and

f) reacting silicon in the continuous matrix with the carbon char to form silicon

carbide.

15. (original) The composite of claim 14, wherein the ceramic slurry is a boron carbide

slurry.

16. (original) The composite of claim 14, wherein said fibers of said preform are made from

polyacrylonitrile.

17. (cancelled)

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18. (original) The composite of claim 14, wherein said liquid carbon precursor is liquid naphthalene.

- 19. (original) The composite of claim 14, wherein said molten silicon is a non alloyed silicon.
- 20. (original) The composite of claim 14, wherein said molten silicon is an alloyed silicon.
- 21. (original) The composite of claim 14, wherein said fibrous structure is initially coated with chemically vapor deposited elemental carbon.
- 22. (original) The composite of claim 14, wherein said elemental carbon is deposited on the fibers using pitch or resin.
- 23. (original) The composite of claim 14, wherein said infiltration with molten silicon occurs in the temperature range of about 1425 to about 1485° C.
- 24. (original) The composite of claim 15, wherein said boron carbide slurry comprises boron carbide having an average particle size of less than about 1 micron.

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25. (currently amended) A composite ceramic material comprising:

a) a fibrous structure comprising carbon, polyacrylonitrile, rayon or ceramic fibers

and a silicon matrix which are initially predominantly impregnated with elemental carbon, and

subsequently predominantly impregnated with boron carbide; and

a silicon carbide phase which is continuous and predominantly encompasses said

fibrous structure, wherein silicon carbide in said silicon carbide phase has a grain size of less

than about 10 microns.

b)

26. (withdrawn) A brake disk having an improved wear surface formed from a composite

material comprising a silicon carbide matrix, without excess silicon, and having a small grain

size.

27. (withdrawn) A brake disk according to claim 26 where said silicon carbide matrix

composite material exhibits an absence of large SiC grains.

28. (withdrawn) A brake disk according to claim 27, where large SiC grains are grains larger

than about 20 microns.

29. (withdrawn) A brake disk assembly made from the brake disks of claim 26.

30. (withdrawn) A process according to claim 1, wherein said boron carbide is a boron

carbide slurry.

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31. (withdrawn) A process according to claim I, wherein said composite material exhibits an

absence of large SiC grains.

32. (withdrawn) A process according to claim 31, wherein said large grains are larger than

about 20 microns.

33. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 25, wherein the amount of

unreacted silicon in the matrix is less than that required to form a liquid phase on the wear face

of a disk made from the composite material during a severe energy event.

34. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 25, wherein said composite

material exhibits an absence of large SiC grains.

35. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 34, wherein said large grains

are larger than about 20 microns.

36. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 25, wherein said material is

less than 5 volume % residual silicon.

37. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 25, wherein said boron

carbide comprises about 5 to about 15 volume % of said material.

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38. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 25, wherein said fibrous structure impregnated with elemental carbon comprises from about 20 to about 45 volume % of said material.

- 39. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 25, wherein said silicon carbide phase comprises from about 20 to about 40 volume % of said material.
- 40. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 25, wherein said boron carbide has an average particle size of less than about I micron.
- 41. (withdrawn) A process according to claim 1, wherein said ceramic slurry is chosen from the group of slurries consisting of boron carbide, silicon nitride, boron nitride, aluminum carbide and aluminum oxide slurries.
- 42. (original) A composite ceramic material according to claim 25, wherein said fibrous structure comprises from about 15 to about 40 volume % of said material.
- 43. (currently amended) A composite ceramic material comprising:
- a) a fibrous structure and a silicon matrix which are initially predominantly impregnated with elemental carbon, and subsequently predominantly impregnated with boron carbide; and
- b) a silicon carbide phase which is continuous and predominantly encompasses said fibrous structure, wherein silicon carbide in said silicon carbide phase has a grain size of less 1394502.1

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than about 10 microns, whenever said fibrous structure comprises carbon polyacrylonitrile, rayon or ceramic fibers or combinations thereof.